



LIGA NEWS

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LMHI President's editorial,

by, Renzo Galassi

Dear Colleagues, another issue of the Liga News is ready. As a characteristic of my term, I want to give our Newsletter a clinical aspect, inviting people of renowned skills to write articles about Clinics, Research, History, Pharmacy etc.

I think this is a good gift that Liga can offer to you and especially to the youngest colleagues who are always looking for good information in order to improve their knowledge of our wonderful Medicine. A lot of people collaborated on this issue and together with our secretary for Newsletter, Dr. Richard Hiltner, we worked to gather all the "precious" contributions.

Our secretary for Archives Prof. Martin Dinges

of Institut für Geschichte der Medizin der Robert Bosch Stiftung Stuttgart, gave us an article about Homeopathy in France and I think that this is a wonderful introduction to the upcoming World Congress of Paris.

In this issue you will find the report of the International Hahnemann Day that this year was officially celebrated in Spain, "Dia de Hahnemann", and where I had the opportunity to visit four places, Seville, Barcelona, Madrid and Tenerife, giving conferences and talking with politicians about local problems with the situation of our Medicine. It was a very successful event and a moment that gave me the possibility to strengthen the friendship and the collaboration with our Spanish colleagues.

From those meetings I had the inspiration, together with our indefatigable colleague and NVP for Spain Antonio Marques Arpa, to create a new Working Group inside the structure of our association: the Working group on Solidarity and Co-operation. I think that in a period of world financial crisis, of concerns about our future, of fear to go abroad for a Congress due to lack of funds, the best way to answer these "nightmares" is to take from our hearts the spirit of selflessness and start giving to the most unfortunate our help, our free help. Our Association, the LMHI, was founded with this aim, this goal, to Help our colleagues with difficult situations, financial or political. I think that we CAN and we HAVE to do something for people and colleagues living in poor countries, we have to organize ourselves and go there to instruct them how to cure their fellow citizens with the remedies of Hahnemann.

I met in Spain some colleagues who are doing this kind of work. I remember among others, Ortrud Lindermann, a German colleague living in Barce-

Working group on Solidarity and Co-operation

by Renzo Galassi – LMHI President

With great pleasure I announce to all the Members of the LMHI that, in the field of the working group project, we decided to add one more group that, according to our constitution's purposes, is very important for our Association.

The new Working group will develop its activity in the field of Solidarity and Co-operation and will try to gather all the colleagues and projects active worldwide and will try to coordinate all the efforts in order to give the best possible solution to the request of help from poor countries. For this activity we ask all the colleagues with interest in this area to join us sending an email to our secretary Miss Evin Turkey lmhi.assistant@gmail.com. Of course for this project we need help and hopefully funds in order to answer to the requests that we can receive from various part of the world.

We have already received offers to collaborate from colleagues with skills to cure patients or to give lectures and courses of homeopathic First aid to doctors or nurses of the interested area. We will talk about this in Paris and we will decide who will be the responsible person or coordinator of the project.

Please don't forget to open your heart and give your contribution for poor and unfortunate people.

lona. She has been going for more than 21 years to Nepal, together with a group of Europe's finest homeopaths from 7 different countries and they have established homeopathic training there, recognized by the Nepalese government.

Maite Bravo, the president of the Academia Medico Homeopatica De Barcelona, goes to Nicaragua with a backpack filled with the Homeopathic remedies to help the indigenous people. Francisco de Asis Moya, of Seville, who is collaborating with a priest of a Catholic Mission in Perú. They organized a centre for Medical Assistance

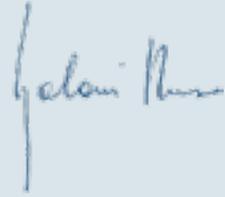
for poor people of one area of Perú. Many years ago Antonio Marques Arpa went to Cuba to teach Homeopathy to local colleagues and today we have a strong representation of very skilled doctors working and teaching in their country.

This should be our answer to the financial difficulties due to various causes, but also if we have a lack of money, we will go on with our purposes to be at the side of people who need our help.

My best wishes for a fruitful participation in our World Congress of Paris and for a very good summer of rest and meditation

about your future under the sign of Samuel Hahnemann.

Kind regards



Dr. Renzo Galassi – LMHI President

Editor's Note

Dear colleagues,

It is a pleasure to present to you the 12th Liga News. In this News you will find a letter of recommendation given by Dr. Hahnemann on August 24, 1842 to a Dr. Anton Schmidt, "an experienced homeopath and great apostle of our divine art". We wish to thank the Robert Bosch Foundation for obtaining this letter. This letter was also addressed to a clergyman Curé Benedict Bayer.

There is no doubt that homeopathy has much scientific basis and research; nonetheless, Hahnemann certainly gave great emphasis to the "divine art" of homeopathy. It must also be stated that religion and science should be harmonious and complementary. I think it would be fascinating and enlightening for us to look more deeply into the opinions and support of homeopathy in almost all the major religions internationally. I, therefore, chose to collect information from a well-known USA writer and Homeopath, Dana Ullman, in his book *The Homeopathic Revolution*. He states that there have been advocates in Christianity, Islam, Judaism, Hinduism, Buddhism and other religions that have seen the wonderful success of homeopathy.

A number of the Popes supported homeopathy including: Pope Pius VIII (1761-1830) and Pope Gregory XVI (1765-1846). Gregory XVI was favorably inclined enough that he allowed homeopathy to



Dr. Richard Hiltner

be practiced in the Vatican by German physician, Dr. Johann Wilhelm Wahle (1794-1853). Father Augustus Muller (1784-1849) was a Jesuit missionary who was trained in Germany and homeopathic medicine. Pope Leo XIII (1810-1903) was the only pope for whom the specifics of his ailment and his homeopathic treatment were made public.

Homeopathy was also very popular among Russian Orthodox clergyman. In 1880, after Dr. Yuly-Lukovsky help in the recovery of a archimandrite (superior) of the monastery, his superior became an advocate of homeopathy.

Rabbi Menachen Mendel Schneerson (1902-1994) was a prominent Orthodox Jewish Rabbi who was a great appreciator of homeopathy. Rabbi Shlomo Carlebach (1925-1994) was a Jewish religious singer and composer who noticed similarity between homeopathy and reli-

gion.

A number of other rabbis could be listed.

Some of the Muslim clerics who supported homeopathy included Mirza Tahir Ahmad (1928-2003) who was a practitioner of homeopathy. Sir Syued Ahmed Khan Baja (1817-1898) was a pioneer in modern education for the Muslim community in India. He established a homeopathic Hospital in Varanasi. Three or four other clergyman could be listed here.

A number of Indian spiritual leaders also supported homeopathy. Ramakrishna Paramahansa (1836-1886) was one of the most important Hindu religious leaders. Swami Vivekananda (1863-1903) was considered one of the most influential spiritual leaders of the Vendanta philosophy. Many more can be listed.

Helena P. Blavatsky (1831-1891), a Founder of the Theosophical Society and a Buddhist, had high respect and admiration for homeopathy. Many Theosophical leaders including: Rudolf Steiner, Annie Besant and Krishnamurthy gave much thanks and appreciation to homeopathy.

There are many other spiritual leaders who could be listed, but space does not permit.

I hope that this has been helpful and stimulating.

Wishing you well.

Hahnemann Day in Cuba



Dra. Mayra Noelia Riveron, LMHI NVP for Cuba

Dear Colleagues,
I want to tell you that on our island we celebrated the International Day of Homeopathy with an academic meeting here in Havana. The topics were: the life and work of Hahnemann, an approach to the beginnings of the discipline in Cuba in 1824 (Dr. Mayra Riveron), a posthu-

mous tribute was for the teacher Izaio Carneiro, who for many years was forming homeopaths in Cuba, graduating the first 32 specialists in 1995 during the 55th Pan American congress and holding four meetings Cuba - Brazil until 2012 (Dr. Gilsa Cabrera), our meeting ended with a lecture by DrC Ruben

Herrera, professor of biomedical engineering, vice dean of the faculty of electrical and Life Sciences, who spoke of Biophysics and energetic Medicine.

The event concluded with a cake in honor of the master Hahnemann. Doctors, dentists, pharmacists and laboratory Finlay personnel were present. Another celebration took place in the province of Matanzas in the Museum of the City of Columbus.

It was chaired by Msc. Jesús López Ramón López in his capacity as Chairman of the Scientific Council, who welcomed the participants and gave a lecture. There was a moment of great importance with the presentation of a paper on the germination of cucumber submitted by the two Masters in Agricultural Science with Diploma in Homeopathy Ing. Juan Domingo Vega and his daughter.



Dra. Ramon Lopez

2014. Spain. Successes of the International Day of Homeopathy.

The International Day celebrated on the 10th of April in Spain was a very important institutional success and also a success in participation. It was specially addressed to doctors (to get more collaboration and commitment) in order to progress and obtain more official regulation. Throughout this day and during the previous week and the following days it was carried out activities in twenty two districts, and about thirty acts, by twenty medical, pharmaceutical and veterinary associations. Moreover, twelve departments collaborated in the Medical Colleges and the program was spread to ten Autonomous Communities.



Dr. Antonio F. Marqués Arpa.
NVP Spain LMHI.



7th April. At the Official Medical College of Seville. It participated the President: Dr. Juan Bautista Alcañiz. From the left to the right. Dr. Antonio Marqués, (LMHI Spain), Dr. José Antonio Durán Quintana, Professor of the University of Seville, Dr. Ricardo Bárcena (AMHA), Mrs. Carmen Rios, City Councilor on the behalf of the Mayor of Seville, Dr. Bautista Alcañiz, Dr. Miguel Aragón (Vice-President III) Dr. Renzo Galassi, President of the International Homeopathic Medical Society (LMHI), Dr. Valentin Romero (ANH), Dr. Antonio Ayala Gómez, Professor of the University of Seville, Mrs. Milagros Ollas, Chair of the College of Pharmacists of Seville on the behalf of the President.

The activities carried out with the international representatives were in Seville, Barcelona, Madrid and Tenerife. Dr. Renzo Galassi, President of the International Homeopathic Medical Society (LMHI), participated in all of them and Dr. Thomas Peinbauer, President of the European Committee of Homeopathy (ECH), participated together with him in Madrid, they were supported by the representatives of the Spanish Associations. The main topic of the speeches was "Homeopathy in Europe and in the World". The League delivered a diplo-

ma to the old Spanish collaborators. Furthermore, social activities, several lunches and dinners were organized with professionals and patients. If you would like to see in detail the full program of acts and the photographs taken during the different acts, you can get access to it by clicking the following link: <http://homeopatiaespdiainternacional.esy.es/programa>. The successes were due to it was achieved unity in the actions carried out and several objectives were fulfilled. There were remarkable interventions in the media and new rela-

tions with political and institutional representatives were consolidated through several interviews. Moreover, it was recovered the contact with members of the Direction Committee of the Spanish Medical Colleges Association (OMC), Spanish Senators, parliamentary groups of the Canary Islands and the President of the Canary Government, Mr. Paulino Rivero; and it was suggested different levels of collaboration in the future too. Furthermore, contacts with the Presidents of the Medical Colleges of Seville and Tenerife and the Pharmaceutical College of Tenerife were established.

At the public conferences, Dr. Galassi talked about the History of Homeopathy, by making allusion to the most important masters, the born of the League and the current situation of Homeopathy. He suggested that Homeopathy is a clinical and experimental method which counts with its own tradition and that has been acknowledged by a great number of governments and by the World Health Organization (WHO) since 1978, this last one considers Homeopathy as a Traditional Medicine. He also pointed



10th April. Dr. Renzo Galassi at the Parliament of the Canary Islands.



8th April. Dr. Renzo Galassi visited the Medical Academy of Homeopathy of Barcelona. Above, in the picture, he appears accompanied by Dr. M^{ra} Teresa Bravo, President of the MHB Academy. On the right side of the photograph, it appears Mrs. Amparo Monpo Yllan, veterinary surgeon and Chair of Veterinary Science of the AMHB and Dr. Antonio Marqués.

nowadays there are 45.000 European doctors trained in Homeopathy. Then, he presented a program of objectives to be achieved till 2020 and the relation of this program to what have been suggested by the WHO for this period. Finally, it was remembered that the benefits of Homeopathy are included in the Social Security System in United Kingdom, France, Germany, Switzerland, among other European countries and in important and prestigious European Universities.

In relation to the acts developed in the Spanish cities, in Seville (7th of April), it took place a conference by Dr. Galassi at the Medical College. There were a high rate of attendance, Dr. Juan Bautista Alcañiz (President of the College) presided over the conference and he was supported by Dr. Miguel Aragón (Vice-President III). Moreover, it was also at the head table: Mrs.

out that we count with solid clinical working groups, and it is possible to get free access to them through the website of the League <http://www.lmhi.org/>. Thus, it is uncertain the attacks that deny the existence of favorable scientific studies. Furthermore, there are testimonies of millions of patients and thousand publications and doctors, during these lasts decades and since the XIX century. Finally, he concluded by saying that, nowadays, Homeopathy is in a great moment and is suffering a great expansion.

Dr. Peinbeauer presented the attainments obtained in Europe during the last years, with good news for the Scientific Evidence due to the publications of several studies that clarified the methodological mistakes that appeared in an article of The Lancet magazine in 2005, in which Homeopathy was attacked. Dr. Peinbeauer pointed out the European advance



9th April. Dr. M^{ra} Dolores Tremiño participated accompanied by Dr. Antonio Marqués at the Foundation of the Homeopathic Institute and Homeopathic Hospital of S. Jose. (Madrid).

obtained in the regulation of homeopathic medicines (2001-2004) and the number of doctors with a professional qualification in Homeopathy,

Carmen Ríos (City Councilor of the City Hall of Seville, on the behalf of the Mayor), Mrs. Milagros Olías (Chair of the Pharmaceutical College, on the



8th April. Barcelona. Floral Tribute at the Monument of Hahnemann in the City of Barcelona. With the participation of the League and the Medical Academy of Homeopathy of Barcelona.



8th April. At the Official Medical College of Barcelona. From the left to the right: Dr. M^{ra} Teresa Bravo, Dr. Antonio Marqués, Dr. Guillermo González, President of the Homeopathic Department of the COMB of Barcelona and Dr. Renzo Galassi (President of the LMHI).



9th April. At the General Council of the Official Medical Colleges of Spain, it took place before the interview with the Direction Committee of the OMC. From the left to the right: Dr. Montserrat Gaya, Coordinator of Complementary Therapies of the COMB, Dr. M^a Dolores Tremino, President of the SEMH and Vice-President of the ANH, Dr. Antonio Marqués, Dr. Renzo Galassi, Dr. José Luis Espejo, Medical College of Cordoba and Representative of the FEMH, Dr. M^a Teresa Bravo, Dr. Thomas Peinbauer, President of the European Committee of Homeopathy (ECH).

behalf of the President), Dr. Valentín Romero (ANH President), Dr. Ricardo Bárcena (AMHA President) and two professors of the University of Seville: Dr. Antonio Ayala (Biochemistry and Molecular Biology in Pharmacology), Dr. José Antonio Durán (Medical Pharmacology). Furthermore, there were others who attended the conference as guests: the Consul of Italy and the authorized representatives of the Consulate in Seville, Dr. Isasio Siguero, former President of the Medical College of Seville and WHO, the professor Dr. Antonio Rabasco (Galenic Pharmacy) and Dr. Barroso Guerra, who was honored due to he was the first President that introduced Homeopathy in this College since more than thirty years ago. The act was presented by Dr. Francisco Moya, represen-



9th April. At the Institute of Homeopathy and Homeopathic Hospital of S. Jose (Madrid). Dr. Jose Luis Espejo participated in the act called Meeting with the Memory (Encuentro con la Memoria) on the behalf of the Spanish Homeopathic Doctors, and as a tribute to the founders and homeopathic doctors that have died.



9th April. At the Institute of Homeopathy and Homeopathic Hospital of S. Jose. Meeting with the Senators: Domingo Fuentes (the third person on the left) and María del Haro (the seventh person on the left). They were accompanied, from the left to the right, Dr. Thomas Peinbauer, Dr. Natalia Benitez (President of the Hahnemanniana Matritense Society), Mr. Domingo Fuentes, Dr. M^a Dolores Tremino, Dr. Renzo Galassi, Dr. Antonio Marqués, Mrs. Maria del Haro, Mr. Félix Antón (Secretary of the Foundation of the Homeopathic Institute and Homeopathic Hospital of S. Jose), Dr. M^a Teresa Bravo, Mr. César Valera (President of AEFHOM), Dr. José Luis Espejo.

tative of the homeopathic doctors of the Medical College of Seville.

In Barcelona (8th of April), it was brought a Floral Tribute to the Monument of Samuel Hahnemann granted by the City Hall of Barcelona in 1990, this act coincided with the 50th Congress of the International Homeopathic Medical Society (LMHI). In the afternoon, Dr. Galassi visited the MH Academy of Barcelona accompanied by Dr. Maite Bravo, the President, and Mrs. Amparo Monpo, Chair of Veterinary Science of the AMHB. Later, it took place a conference at the Medical College of Barcelona (COMB) where Dr. Galassi, in front of a big public, referred, among other topics, to the importance of the Academy of Barcelona and its work along the time, as in Spain as internationally. The President of the Homeopathic

Department of the Medical College, Dr. Guillermo González, welcomed all the participants and remembered that in 2014 it has been commemorated the first 25 years of the creation of the Homeopathic Department of the COMB. While the President of the Medical Academy of Homeopathy of Barcelona, Mrs. Maria Teresa Bravo, invited all to celebrate the 125 years of the creation of this Academy next year. Finally, it was delivered several diplomas as a tribute to the memory of homeopathic doctors who have died and whose careers were very important for the survival of the Homeopathy in this city, Dr. Peiró Rando, Bieto Marill and Sanllehy Metges.



9th April. Dr. Renzo Galassi. At the Foundation of the Homeopathic Institute and Homeopathic Hospital of S. Jose. (Madrid).

In Madrid (9th of April), Dr. Galassi and Dr. Peinbauer, supported by a committee of homeopathic doctors, were to an interview at the headquarters of the General Council of the Official Medical Colleges, with two members of the Direction Committee of the Spanish Medical Colleges Association (OMC): Dr. Ricard Gutiérrez (Vice-President) and Dr. José M^a Rodríguez (Treasurer). It is important to highlight the fact that the two OMC members showed a good predisposition to favor a collaboration that make it easier the regulation, from the Spanish Government, of the official training of homeopathic doctors. In the afternoon, it was developed in the Institute and Homeopathic Hospital of



9th April. Dr. Peinbauer, Dr. Natalia Benítez (Hahnemanniana Matritense Society) and Dr. César Valera (President of AEFHOM). At the Foundation of the Homeopathic Institute and Homeopathic Hospital of S. Jose (Madrid).



9th April. Dr. Renzo Galassi, on the behalf of the League, gave a Diploma to Dr. Marcos Mantero. At the Foundation of the Homeopathic Institute and Homeopathic Hospital of S. Jose. (Madrid).

S. José an act with the participation of international guests and several activities for patients, homeopathic and political representatives, which was called Meeting with the Memory (Encuentro con la Memoria) and in which Mr. Félix Antón (Institute and Homeopathic Hospital of San José) and Dr. José Luis Espejo (FEMH) participated.

Dr. José Luis Espejo was on behalf of the Spanish Associations. He, together with Mr. Félix Antón, dealt with the History of this place and the Spanish Homeopathy and it was made a tribute to the homeopathic doctors that have died. We count in these activities with the attendance of two Spanish senators: Mrs. María del Haro (Pop-

ular Party) and Mr. Domingo Fuentes (Socialist Party). Later, it took place a conference heading by Dr. Galassi and Dr. Peinbauer; Dr. Natalia Benítez (Hahnemanniana Matritense Society) and Mr. César Valera (Spanish Association of Homeopathic Pharmacists), and Dr. Antonio Marqués participated too at the head table. Moreover, Dr. M^a Dolores Tremiño (President of the Spanish Society of Homeopathic Doctors and Vice-President of the National Assembly of Homeopathy) participated by greeting to all the participants.

In Tenerife (10th of April), the Interna-

tional Day started with a press conference at the Medical College, we were supported by Mr. Guillermo Schwartz, President of the College of Pharmacists. Later, it took place a meeting in which homeopaths were with the Canary Parliamentary Groups. This meeting was attended by Mr. José Luis Perestelo, Representative of Coalición Canaria and Mrs. M^a Teresa Pulido, Representative of Popular Party. They agreed on promoting the training of homeopathic doctors and applying the inclusion of Homeopathy in the Spanish Social Security System. Then, a committee of Canary homeopathic doctors were with Dr. Galassi in an official reception and interview invited by the President of the Canary Government, Mr. Paulino Rivero, who supported the training program of Homeopathy for the Autonomous Community of the Canary Islands. He was also accompanied by Dr. Juana María Reyes, Director of the Canary Health System. In the afternoon, at the Events Room of the Canary Parlia-



10th April. Presentation about the International Day of Homeopathy at the Medical College of SIC of Tenerife. From the left to the right: Mr. Guillermo Schwartz (President of the College of Pharmacists of SIC of Tenerife), Dr. Antonio Marqués and Dr. Renzo Galassi.

ment, Dr. Galassi gave a conference with a big audience, around two hundred people. Mr. Julio Cruz, Vice-President of the Canary Parliament and on the behalf of Mr. Antonio Castro Cordobez, the President of the Parliament, acted as the President of the Act. Dr. Guillermo Schwartz, President of the College of Pharmacists of Tenerife, Dr. Rodolfo de la Torre, on the behalf of the Medical College, Dr. Antonio Marqués, Vice-President (Spain) of the International Homeopathic Medical Society (LMHI) and D. Angélica Pérez, President of the Canary Association of Users and Friends of Homeopathy were at the head table too. They were supported by, among others, Dr. Pilar Casaseca, President of the Medical Association of Homeopathy of Santa Cruz of Tenerife, D. Isabel Castro, Representative of the Group of Homeopathic Pharmacists of the Canary Islands and Dr. Francisco Bautista, Secretary of the Medical Academy of Canary Homeopathy and Spanish Federation of Homeopathic Doctors.

There were other cities where it was developed activities on the 10th of April: Pamplona, Valencia, Alicante, Córdoba, Vigo, A Coruña, Oviedo, Zaragoza, Castellón, Bilbao, Cádiz, Granada, Extremadura, Las Palmas and Mallorca. For more information, visit the website, please.

Antonio Marqués Arpa.

National Vice-President (Spain) of the International Homeopathic Medical Society (LMHI)



10th April. At the Parliament of the Canary Islands. An interview made by the Homeopathic Associations with the Canary Members of Parliament: Mrs. M^a Teresa Pulido (Popular Party), D. José Luis Perestelo (Coalición Canaria). From the left to the right: Mrs. Isabel Castro (Coordinator of the Group of Canary Homeopathy Pharmacists), Mrs. Angélica Pérez (President of the Canary Association of Users and Friends of Homeopathy), Dr. Renzo Galassi, Mrs. M^a Teresa Pulido, Mr. José Luis Perestelo, Dr. Antonio Marqués and Dr. Rodolfo de la Torre (President of the Department of the Complementary Medicines of the COMTF).



10th April. Reception at the President's Office of the Canary Government. From the left to the right: Dr. Rodolfo de la Torre, Mrs. Angélica Pérez, Dr. Domingo Molina, Mrs. Juana M^a Reyes, (Director of the Canary Health System), Dr. Manel Cabero, Dr. Renzo Galassi, Dr. Pilar Casaseca, His Excellency Mr. Paulino Rivero (President of the Canary Government), Mrs. Elvira Heredia, Dr. Antonio Marqués and Mrs. Isabel Castro.



9th April. Dr. Renzo Galassi, on the behalf of the League, gave a Diploma to Dr. Marcos Mantero. At the Foundation of the Homeopathic Institute and Homeopathic Hospital of S. Jose. (Madrid).



9th April. At the Parliament of the Canary Islands. Closing (Musical) carried out by Dr. Manel Cabero, Member of the Medical Association of Homeopathy of Santa Cruz of Tenerife and Music Teacher of the School of Music of SIC of Tenerife.



9th April. Conference.



9th April. At the Parliament of the Canary Islands. From the left to the right. Mrs. Isabel Castro, Dr. Antonio Marqués, Dr. Pilar Casaseca, President of the Medical Association of Homeopathy of Santa Cruz of Tenerife and Dr. Renzo Galassi.



10th April. First line of participants. From the left to the right. Mrs. Isabel Castro, Dr. Francisco Bautista (Secretary of the Spanish Federation of the Homeopathic Doctors and the Canary Academy of Homeopathic Medicine), Dr. Pilar Casaseca, Dr. Domingo Molina, Dr. Elvira Heredia (Vice-President of the Medical Association of Homeopathy of Santa Cruz of Tenerife).

Information of courses with scholarship offered to LMHI members.

By Renzo Galassi

Dear colleagues, in our program to help young colleagues or colleagues from countries with a low income condition, I want to inform you that at the moment two important institutions have offered us scholarships for our members. The first is already active and is the Universidad Candegabe de Homeopatia, (you can see below the information) with the photo of the students who received the scholarship and the other is offered by the MMPP group of Dr. André Saine introduces the project below.

Renzo Galassi

"During a Latin-American countries meeting in the 68° LMHI Congress in Ecuador Dr. Jaime Ortiz talked about the complicated situation in Bolivian homeopathy and the need to form real Homeopaths. UCH Director, Dr. Marcelo Candegabe was moved by this expo-sition and decided to start a scholarship program to help homeopathy grow in Bolivia. The first 5 students have already started with the Regular Course with a full scholarship. We hope that this can

spread to every country in Latin-America were programs like this are needed, the LMHI can always count on us." Lic. Miguel F. Candegabe Administrator Marketing and Sales Director www.universidadcandegabe.org

Dr. André Saine and his workgroup: "Materia Medica of the future" International Materia Medica Pura Course Sept. 27. - Oct. 4. 2014, Nien-dorf / Germany Illustrated Comparative Materia Medica Pura June 13. - June 14. 2014, Montréal, Canada

Since T.F. Allen and C. Hering compiled and published their comprehensive works of the homeopathic Materia Medica at the end of the 19th century, no further systematic revision of the Materia Medica has taken place. The symptoms of a great number of provings, cases, clinical experiences and toxicological reports can be found scattered among various journals. They are lying idle, and are therefore not accessible to the practitioner in his day-to-day work.

André Saine and a group of European

as well as North- and South American colleagues have been working for year-sin the 'Materia Medica Pura Projekt' (MMPP) to establish a reliable and comprehensive Materia medica.

For each of about 500 remedies, a monograph is compiled with a clear presentation of the entire characteristic symptomatology, based on provings, clinical experience as well as on a collection of all available cases. Only reliable and, for the main part, primary sources will be considered.

The ultimate aim is the creation of a widely accessible Materia Medica which will improve our daily work and which can replace Materia Medica of Hering and Allen.

The courses are suitable for both: experienced homeopaths and beginners, each will be able to profit in their own way.

- The 8-day-live-course in Germany will be a combination of Materia Medica and practice-oriented with many cases, if possible, live anamneses
- Information for the 7-day-course, combined with 5 webinars, in Montreal you can find on A. Saine's website www.homeopathy.ca More about the MMPP you may learn from A. Saine by this little video: http://homeopathy.ca/MMPP_ActiveHomeopathyMateriaMedicaPuraProject.php

Limited number of scholarships provided for members of the LMHI! (by their national association or individual)

Conditions: engagement for homeopathy, student or low income, willingness for active support (indexing journals, translations, working on monographs). Scholarship means free participation for the class without cost of travel and food and room.

Please send us your application by e-mail

Contact: Canada: cah@videotron.ca
 Germany: jochen.rohwer@t-online.de



The Bolivian group, that received the scholarship of UCH.

Abstracts of the special edition of the „Zeitschrift für Klassische Homöopathie“ at the occasion of the congress of the LMHI in Paris, edited by Martin Dinges, Stuttgart

PRESS RELEASE

Purchase of a sensational archival document in the international history of homeopathy

Stuttgart, 15 April 2014 During the lifetime of Dr Samuel Hahnemann (1755-1843), the founder of homeopathy, every homeopath dreamt of obtaining a letter of recommendation from the great man himself. Many a homeopath would travel to Köthen and later also to Paris, where the greatly revered octogenarian had moved in 1835 and where he continued to practise homeopathy. Anyone fortunate enough to secure from the Master a recommendation as an experienced homeopath would be sure to be well received by the public. Since the successful treatment of cholera during the epidemic of the early 1830s, homeopathy had become quite the fashion.

We have taken the opportunity of purchasing such a letter of recommendation by auction. On 24 August 1840, Hahnemann mentioned on his visiting card the physician and Councillor Dr Anton Schmit as "an experienced homeopath and great apostle of our divine art." Schmit had practised as a physician in Lucca for many years, advertising homeopathy to great success. In 1835 he translated one of Hahnemann's treatises on the cholera into Italian.

The recommendation is addressed to a certain Curé Benedict Bayer, possibly the reverend of this name who lived from 1800 to 1854, was in office at the Cathedral of Baltimore in 1839 and is buried on the Most Holy Redeemer Cemetery in Philadelphia. Even then, homeopathy was an international phenomenon... in which women also had a say: the letter of recommendation is signed "Hahnemann and his wife"!

The Institute for the History of Medicine (IGM) with domicile in Stuttgart was established in 1980. Its main fields of research are the social history of medicine and the history of homeopathy. The Institute is home to a library of over 40.000 volumes and the Homeopathy Archives which house the estate of Samuel Hahnemann as well as records of national and international homeopaths' organisations. www.igm-bosch.de For further information please contact Prof. Dr. Dinges, phone ++49-(0)711/46084-167.

France has a particular homeopathic tradition, which should be better known. In this volume of the renowned German journal a self-representation of the actual situation by Dr Sarembaud is followed by examples of exchange between Germany and France (translations of Hahnemann's work by Dr. Fournier; actual appropriation of Hahnemann's patient journals by a French physician, Dr. Laborier; the development of an originally German concept, Weihe's Pressure points, by French colleagues, by Dr. Seiler, and a personal account of learning with French homeopathic publications by Dr. Holzapfel).

The second part takes a more historical gaze: Hahnemann's time in Paris by Prof. Jütte; Hahnemann's burial places in Paris by Dörfert, M.A.; the early developments of homeopathy in France and the impact of pharmaceutical companies on homeopathy during the 20th Century France, both by Prof. Faure; French homeopathic hospitals, by Prof. Dinges, and eventually the role French physicians in the current historiography of homeopathy by Dr. Rabanes.

Interview mit Dr. Alain Sarembaud
Interview with Dr. Alain Sarembaud

Secretary general of the FNSMHF (Fédération nationale des sociétés médicales homéopathiques de France), editor of Revue d'Homéopathie

(No Summary)

Übersetzung und Verbreitung von Hahnemanns Werk im Französischen
Translation and diffusion of Hahnemann's oeuvre in French
Denis Fournier

Summary

The diffusion of the work of Samuel Hahnemann translated into French is the subject of this article. It presents its actors, translators and publishers,



Dr. Martin Dinges

from the publication of his pre-homeopathic works to our digital age. However, as a result of a monopoly on the translation and the disinterest in the original texts, we are concerned about what still escapes to the French-speaking homeopaths in the work of Hahnemann.

Ein Franzose arbeitet mit Hahnemanns Krankenjournalen
A Frenchman works with Hahnemann's patient's journals
Bruno Laborier

Summary

It is the aim of this essay to compare Hahnemann's published considerations to their concretion in his patient's journals. Nine publications are commented. Topics are: simplicity of medicine, its reliability, the influence of man to medicine, hygienic principles in chronic diseases, treatment of venereal diseases, prescription of remedies according to the rule of similars, quality of observations and prescriptions in general and results of treatment.

Die Weihe'schen Druckpunkte
Ein Beispiel deutsch-französischen Wissensaustauschs unter homöopathischen Ärzten
Weihe pressure points

An example for exchange of knowledge between German and French homoeopathic physicians
Hanspeter Seiler

Summary

The method of the pressure points of Weihe as an effective supplement to the classical homoeopathic diagnostics was developed in Germany and soon reached France through the Western Swiss homoeopath Dr Anton Nebel and was very widely used until the middle of the past century. The French acupunctural physician Roger de la Fuye developed an important addition to the method, integrating acupuncture points into his Homoeosiniatrie. Subsequently the ball was played back into the German language area.

Meine ersten Erfahrungen mit der französischen Homöopathie
My first experiences with French homoeopathy

Klaus Holzapfel
(No Summary)

Hahnemann in Paris (1835–1843)
Hahnemann in Paris (1835–1843)

Robert Jütte

Summary

Before Hahnemann met Mélanie d'Hervilly, his second wife, he had planned to retire and give up practicing homoeopathy. After marriage and move to Paris in 1835, a new chapter in the life of the founder of homoeopathy began, full of scientific activity (preparation of the 6th edition of the Organon of the Healing Art, experiments with a new way of potentizing, the Q-potencies), continuation of his practice, which grew in consequence of his reputation as a fashionable doctor, and furthermore a life in high society which had hitherto been unknown to him.

Hahnemanns Begräbnisstätten in Paris

Hahnemann's burial places in Paris

Petra Dörfert

Summary

In 1843 Samuel Hahnemann was buried at the Montmartre Cemetery in Paris. The funeral and the condition of the grave – which still exists – were heavily criticised. 55 years later Hahnemann was exhumed. Together with the remains of his second wife Melanie he was transferred to the Pere-Lachaise Cemetery where a monument was erected.

Homöopathie und Frühromantik in Frankreich im zweiten Drittel des 19. Jahrhunderts

Homoeopathy and early Romanticism in France in the 19th century

Olivier Faure

Summary

French Homoeopathy had its beginning in a kind of wafts of mist of protest. Adherents of the method practiced or used magnetism simultaneously and felt attracted by F.J. Gall's Phrenology, creating thus a medical sphere in search of a new medicine. Those same persons tried as well to establish a new society. Many of them followed Saint-Simonism and Fourierism. Homoeopathy also enthralled the catholics who wanted to counteract the rising materialism and to reconcile science and belief.

Homöopathie im französischen Krankenhaus
Homoeopathy in French hospitals

Martin Dinges

Summary

Hospitals meant a strategic significance for the spread of Homoeopathy. In the beginning, French homoeopaths followed the German example. Later they temporarily managed to establish homoeopathic departments in the bigger hospitals and to take over smaller houses. Comparison of treatment of patients strictly selected at random showed good results in the late eighteen-forties. From

the eighteen-seventies on, they had to found hospitals of their own in order to represent Homoeopathy in the clinical context. Yet more important for the spread of H. were apparently the ambulances, which prevailed in the largest French cities.

Die pharmazeutischen Labore und die Popularisierung der Homöopathie in Frankreich im 20. Jahrhundert

Homoeopathic Laboratories and the popularisation of Homoeopathy in France during the 20th century

Olivier Faure

Summary

LHdeF (Laboratoires Homéopathiques de France), founded in 1927 and LHM (Laboratoires Homéopathiques Modernes), founded in 1932 (LB, Laboratoires Boiron, since 1967) were not only successful enterprises. With their sales strategies, they brought the homoeopathic remedy to public acknowledgement. They achieved official appreciation and reimbursement of some of their products. Part of this income was funded into the education of h. general practitioners and into research.

Französische Ärzte und die aktuelle Geschichte der Homöopathie
French physicians and the current historiography of homeopathy

Olivier Rabanes

Summary

The homoeopathic physician, like his fellow doctors, is interested in the history of his method in order to comprehend the evolution of his school, its clinical and therapeutic application and the point of view of his predecessors. With the aid of different works, published by numerous French homoeopaths in the last 30 years, we present a short survey of different aspects of this history in France.



The chronic illnesses of hereditary tuberculosis and vaccination

four cases, by Dr. Carl Rudolf Klinkenberg, Germany

The first child suffered from multiple molluscum contagiosum, the second from recurrent pneumonia, the third from a behaviour disorder, and the fourth from a severe ADHD-syndrome. All children suffered from the chronic effects of tuberculosis. All attempts to treat the children prior to the homeopathic treatment had been unsuccessful.

1st case

Four-year old Paula was brought on 21st October 2010, she had about 30 molluscum contagiosum lesions, which had come up 9 months before. The molluscum lesions were mainly located on Paula's back, chest and abdomen.

In September 2009, at the age of 3, she received her first vaccination – a diphtheria, tetanus and polio vaccination. Right after the vaccination, she felt weak for 3 days, and for one week she wet her bed. During the weeks following the vaccination, the first signs of a food intolerance started to appear: She had a tummy ache, a distended abdomen, flatulence and diarrhoea. Up until the vaccination, Paula had been completely healthy. In January 2010 the molluscum lesions started to appear.

Paula's case is a typical combination of symptoms I often observe in Tub. children. First, these are her mental symptoms:

Paula has a vivid, fanciful imagination. When she tells stories, she makes up lots of vivid extras and embellishes them with her imagination.

In almost every Materia Medica of Tub. it says that the children are mentally retarded. In my experience, that is found much less often. On the contrary, they are very active and advanced in terms of intelligence, as is Paula: She is forward and she talked early.



Dr. Carl Rudolf Klinkenberg

Paula is open, curious, she has many friends, even older children. She sulks easily, is afraid of ghosts, and she loves classical music.

Paula's nutritional habits are marked: She likes pasta, but she prefers it without sauce. That is also an important hint towards Tub.: The children often do not like mixed-up food, rather they partition individual foods off from each other.

Paula loves yoghurt and salty food. She has a strong desire for salami and sausages. She also likes raw vegetables and has a strong desire for cucumbers and butter. For example, she eats the butter off a pretzel and then leaves half the pretzel on the plate. I have heard that in India, too, more butter is eaten. Again, the desire for butter is very important: The parents do not give this information voluntarily, you have to ask them. And Paula has further Tub. symptoms: Enlarged tonsils, sweaty palms. Paula suffers from nightmares. Up until age 3 she wet her bed. Teething was late, it only started at 11 months of age. Af-

ter the vaccination the food intolerance started.

Most Tub. symptoms are clinical symptoms. There are only four small provings, one of them is the proving of Boocook, which is listed here among the sources. In addition, Paula is extremely far-sighted, she wears glasses of 11 dioptres.

Here I have emphasized everything that points towards a tubercular predisposition in Paula's family: Paula's grandfather suffered from TB when he was a child. Both her parents were vaccinated against TB when they were children. Her mother had a tuberculin sensitivity test as an adult.

Remedy choice, Progress

Paula's mentals, her nutritional habits and the family disposition towards TB clearly indicate Tub.

I give her 2 globules Tub. 200. This is her reaction:

Right during the first night almost all of her 30 molluscum lesions get inflamed. After all, she had been suffering from them for 9 months! In the course of 3 weeks, all molluscum lesions disappear. Within 6 months her eye sight has improved from 11 to only 1 dioptre. Her hands are no longer sweaty. She has taken a major developmental leap and her food intolerance disappears completely.

Summary

One single dose of Tub. was sufficient to cure Paula. However, that is an exception, as normally in Tub. you cannot work with as few doses as you may be used to in other chronic complaints.

The tubercular predisposition is persistent! Give Tub. frequently, prescribe C potencies in the beginning every 10 days or once a week, Q potencies twice a week. Bacillinum is directly made from tuberculous lung tissue and acts more strongly than Tub., provided you find a pharmacy, that produces Bac. directly from an infected lung tissue.

2nd case

Ben is 18 months old. His pneumonia started 3 weeks ago, and it does not

Illnesses in the family

grandfather	Immunocytoma, tuberculosis as a child
grandmother	breast cancer
grandfather	Parkinson's disease
mother	eczema, tuberculin sensitivity test positive, BCG-vaccination
father	chronic bronchitis, BCG-vaccination

heal up. He has received two different antibiotics, and four times a day he inhales Cortisone and Salbutamol. Here you see the x-ray dated 26. Sept. 2008. It is his fourth pneumonia within 6 months. The pneumonia set in a few hours after a meningococcus vaccination. In the clinic, they now want to carry out a bronchoscopy, but the parents refuse this and present their child for homeopathic treatment.

Bens current symptoms are the following: weakness, constant cough, red lips, he has rings under the eyes, and the pneumonia does not heal up. I first prescribe Sulf. and then Ars. With the help of these two remedies, the acute pneumonia heals up within 3 weeks. But: Ben still coughs sporadically. He is still a bit pale, and his lips are again red. He is not yet stable. The boy has had four repeated pneumonias in the last 6 months. This susceptibility needs to be cured completely.

These are his chronic symptoms:

When he gets angry, he strikes his head against the floor or the wall. That is a marked Tub. symptom! Even when I take the case of a ten-year-old, I always ask about this symptom, if I suspect a tubercular predisposition. Knee-elbow position. Ben eats only particular food: He likes pasta, especially without sauce, like Paula in the first case. He has a great desire for cold milk, he does not eat fruit and vegetables and he rejects meat. When he weeps, green mucus comes out of his nose. He has nightmares. Ben is obstinate, and he always tries to have his way. And he has clenched teeth – all these symptoms are typical Tub. symptoms.

Ben suffered his first pneumonia a few weeks after a six-fold vaccination. The last pneumonia started only a few hours after he received a meningococcus-vaccination. Therefore I suppose that the vaccinations contributed to the development of the illness. In his family, there are frequent cases of ailments of the lungs. Ben's parents, too, like Paula's parents, both received BCG-vaccinations. – Be it a real TB or a TB vaccination, I observe the same effects: The children of parents vaccinated against TB also suffer from the typical diseases resulting from a hereditary TB.

Remedy choice, progress

The marked striking of the head, the knee-elbow position, external signs such as the red lips and the clenched

teeth, his nutritional habits and the tubercular predisposition due to his parents' BCG-vaccinations clearly indicate Tub. Ben receives Tub. Q4 and Q6 for some weeks, and later on Tub. XM once a week. In the following year, the striking of the head disappears, as do the nightmares, the fits of rage, the redness of the lips, and the susceptibility to infections. The following x-ray results negative.

Inherited tuberculosis

Both Ben and Paula come from families with a tubercular predisposition and developed symptoms of Tub. Paula in the first case had a strong tubercular family history because of her grandfather's TB and the BCG-vaccinations of both parents. Ben had a tubercular predisposition due to the BCG-vaccination of his parents. The pathogenic influence of TB had been passed on to both children. It is a clinical observation that TB is passed on or inherited to the descendants. Tuberculosis has the power to leave a chronic disturbance in the body.

Early homeopaths such as Burnett [11], Nebel [27], Boger, Farrington [39], Vannier [40], Foubister [13], Tyler [38] and others already described the same phenomenon. They observed, that a TB that has been cured, still does not really leave the body. It looks as if it had been cured, but it lingers and leaves a subsequent chronic disturbance and disposition in the body. They also observed, that this chronic disturbance is passed on to future generations!

How can that be recognized? It is recognized through the repeated clinical observation that descendants, who have a tubercular predisposition, in general develop certain subsequent illnesses, mainly: allergies – such as hay fever, allergy against house-dust or food items. Skin diseases such as neurodermatitis and eczema. Susceptibility to infections – mainly recurrent bronchitis, angina or otitis. Or behavioural problems such as fits of rage, beating, fears, concentration difficulties, restlessness. These diseases develop on the fertile soil of an inherited TB.

Epigenetics

The question is: How is this possible – through which mechanism is the tuberculous influence passed on? Margaret Tyler, the well-known English homeopath, speaks of a contagion that is „filtered“ throughout several generations [38]. John Henry Allen calls it “heredi-

tary transmission“ [3]. Our genetic information is determined in the genes of the DNA. In the old science of heredity, the genetics, only the genes are passed on. There is, however a second genetic pathway, namely the passing on of gene-activities:

Epigenetics investigates the changes of activity states of the genes, which are not based on a change of the DNA. The activity of the genes is determined by their chromatin structure. The chromatin structure itself is influenced by DNA-methylation and by a modification of the histone, the supporting structure of the DNA [22]. Animal tests and studies prove, that not only the genes, but also the alterations in the chromatin structure are anchored in the genome as gene expression patterns, and that they are passed on from one cell generation to the next! [5,25,29,34]

3rd case

In some cases, however, we can only suspect an inherited TB, because the family members do not know whether one of their ancestors suffered from TB. As it was in the case of 9 year old Anne: Anne comes for treatment in May 2005. She is dominant and bossy towards other children and always commands those children she plays with. She presents this behaviour for many years now, but since about half a year ago it is getting increasingly unbearable. She teases other children, especially if she does not know them, and she also beats other children. Anne always desires company. She wants to gather as many people as possible around her, and she wants to be in the centre of attention. She likes to touch other people, and she has no sense of boundaries. She does not notice, either, if a child does not want to play with her. The other children slight her, and she now has not got any friends left. Her dominant and self-opinionated behavior only disappears when she plays with older children.

Anne is always in action, she constantly has to do something. She has many ideas and fancies. She takes offence quickly, and she gets angry because of small things. When she is angry, she throws her pillow or another object against the wall. Her physical symptoms are: extensive polypi in the sinuses and enlarged tonsils. Sensation of a lump in the throat. Anne only takes cold drinks and she has a desire for sour things such as salad dressing. Some-

times she suffers from nightmares. In addition, she is afraid that ghosts will come into her room and kidnap her. When she was an infant, she had neurodermatitis.

Remedy choice and Progress

Almost all symptoms mentioned so far are Tub. symptoms. In such cases I do not use a repertory, I only look up individual symptoms such as the desire for company and the lump in the throat in the *Materia Medica*. A case of TB in the family is not known, but there are hints at this: A case of pulmonary fibrosis, a case of lung cancer. And Anne's mother suffered from ovary cysts for years, which were cured by Tub.

I prescribe Tub. C1000. All symptoms, the need to dominate, the beating, the nightmares and all physical symptoms disappear after this one dose. After a year, she becomes dominant again, she commands others and bosses them around. I give her another dose of Tub. C1000 and 6 months later Tub. XM. Her behavioural problems disappear for good within a few weeks.

BCG vaccination

The parents of the first and the second child, Paula and Ben, all received a BCG-vaccination. For the BCG-vaccination, the same vaccine is used that was developed in 1921. In Germany, the vaccination was carried out extensively between 1970 and '95. In India, newborns are nowadays vaccinated against BCG.

The vaccination only provides a limited protection against tuberculosis – it does not protect against lung TB or a latent TB. However, it is able to decrease the frequency of fatal courses of TB in infancy by about 60 to 90%. Its efficacy decreases with age. In school children, the vaccination is able to reach about 50% efficacy; in adulthood, no protective effect could be proven any more [31]. In several European countries the vaccination was stopped, and this did not lead to a renewed increase in TB cases. In Germany, the vaccination is no longer recommended since '98 due to the unreliable efficacy and the frequent, sometimes severe side effects such as lymphadenopathy or osteomyelitis.

BCG is a cultured, attenuated bovine tuberculosis germ. This germ is injected while it is still alive.

The organism is also infected with a strain of weakened, but living bovine

tubercle bacteria. In several studies in Bangalore, Madras, Australia and South Africa it was shown that the tuberculin reaction is significantly higher after a BCG-vaccination [1,14,26,37]. The tuberculin reaction is the most important indicator for a prevalence of infection. It implies the presence of TB, either in the active or the latent form. A significant positive test after a BCG-vaccination is seen by specialists as a sign of a latent TB [23,32].

That means: Through the BCG-vaccination the organism is infected with weakened tuberculosis bacteria without the illness breaking out. – Something typical of TB: TB is a complex chronic infection with a frequently prolonged latency period. Many people all over the world are carriers of the mycobacteria without ever falling ill of a manifest TB; only about 10% of all persons infected actually show the symptoms of the illness.

In my clinic I have repeatedly observed, that the BCG-vaccination triggers chronic disturbances too. Most of the children, who received the vaccination, develop the typical tubercular secondary diseases mentioned such as behavioural problems, hyperactivity or recurrent infections. Being infected with TB is the decisive factor, not only the virulence of the bacteria!

Such long term chronic side-effects of the vaccination were not investigated in a systematic way to this day.

In my last case, I show you the effects of a direct BCG-vaccination:

4th case

On the 9th of March 2001, 8 year old Tobias comes into my clinic with marked hyperactive behaviour. The symptoms became increasingly evident when he was about 2 years old. The parents report that Tobias is very restless and cannot sit still. He is nervous and changeable. Concentration is difficult: He is very enthusiastic about one thing one minute and then he forgets it as quickly. Tobias is very sensitive, takes many things to heart, such as a TV report about a murdered child. Sometimes he regresses into childish antics and behaviour like a baby – that is a symptom I frequently observe in Tub., please do remember it. He has lively fantasies of monsters and spooky stories. Like Paula in the first case he has nightmares: He sees people as corpses. A murderer who becomes bigger etc. Other symptoms: He has a disturbance

of the finer motor skills when writing and difficulties with co-ordination. A great desire for sweets. Twice a year he gets a cough or spasmodic bronchitis. He sweats a lot on exertion, especially on the hairy scalp. And he has remarkably red lips with a pale face.

Four days after his birth Tobias had a BCG-vaccination. Three months later a tuberculin test was run. The tuberculin test is an intradermal test, carried out with the filtrate of a sterilized culture of human tubercles. It contains the metabolic products of the bacteria. This purified tuberculine impregnates the organism again with TB. And: Tobias had several sixfold vaccinations and vaccinations against measles, mumps, rubella. Tobias had scarlet fever without skin eruptions at the age of 3, 4 and 7. The paediatrician diagnoses an ADHD-syndrome. Other therapies had been unsuccessful. Tobias is supposed to be transferred to a specialised neurological clinic.

Remedy selection

Because of his marked physical and mental restlessness, the red lips and the BCG-vaccination I assume there is an infection with TB. For the case analysis I used the repertory by Murphy, because it contains many clinical additions. Tub. can be found in the following rubrics: Hyperactive children, abundant Ideas, sensitive children, childish behaviour, nightmares in children, perspiration scalp, Discolouration, red lips, ailments after vaccinations. Please pay special attention to the rubric "Ailments from vaccination". On the basis of experiences of contemporary homeopaths, Tub. is represented in the third degree here. That is important: Although vaccinations are not directly connected with TB, Tub. is one of the most effective remedies in ailments from vaccination! Vaccinations may cause a disturbance similar to inherited TB. Both influences take the same line. It is especially the coincidence of these two influences, which poses a problem for the health of our children!

Reaction

I prescribe for Tobias Tub. C1000, 2 globules dissolved in a bit of water, taken for two evenings, and he is not allowed any sugar. Four weeks later I repeat the dose. Right after having taken the remedy, Tobias gets calmer every day and he is able to concentrate better. His parents cancel their appoint-

ment in the clinic. In the following two years, Tobias develops normally. He is no longer hyperactive, suffers no more nightmares, gets no more infections, and his hands are no longer sweaty. Tub. has acted deeply.

Conclusion

Paula, Ben and Anne suffered from the chronic effects of a hereditary TB infection. Tobias was directly infected through his BCG-vaccination.

TB is spread all over the world and can be found at the top of statistics of fatal infectious diseases. In 2010, 1.4 million people worldwide died of TB. According to the Annual TB Status Report 2011 of the Indian government, up to 40% of the Indian population are infected [16]. In India they are practising a very powerful homeopathy and they treat a lot of cases of infectious and multi-drug-resistant TB. Yet, hereditary TB is already there even now, and will increasingly make itself felt in the near future. In Germany, up until the fifties, TB occurred frequently. During and after the Second World War, there were on average usually one or two persons suffering from TB in every family. No matter in which country we live: Many of our ancestors had TB. Our ancestors pass on the tubercular predisposition to their descendants. TB vaccinations and tuberculin tests cause similar effects. That means that we have patients in whom all these influences amalgamate: (1) Ancestors who suffered from TB pass a specific health disturbance on to their descendants.

(2,3) TB vaccinations and tuberculin tests lead to chronic disturbances, which are being passed on, too.

(4) The multiple vaccinations parents received when they were children can cause chronic disturbances. These have negative effects on the health of their children.

(5,6) Many children receive the BCG-vaccination or tuberculin tests themselves.

(7) The children are the last link in this chain. In addition to their inherited problems, they receive multiple vaccinations themselves.

Each of the influences can cause a chronic disturbance. Next time, when you observe symptoms of Tub. or Bac., please investigate, if the actual TB infection by means of illness or vaccination took place in the children, parents, grandparents or great grandparents. This information will secure your remedy selection.

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An Address by Samuel Hahnemann, Delivered before the Paris meeting of the Gallican Homoeopathic Society held on September 15, 1835

Hahnemann delivered the following address approximately three months after his arrival in Paris, which was on June 21, 1835. The French Homeopathic Society (la Société homoeopathique gallicane) had previously planned to welcome Hahnemann at the occasion of their three-day annual meeting in Paris "to show the great esteem in which he was held. On the 15th a deputation waited upon Hahnemann and his wife and invited them to be present at a public reunion of the society. Hahnemann, who had been elected honorary president, was introduced, and took his place upon the platform. M. Simon then read Hahnemann's opening address." Hahnemann's address has been re-translated here from the original French.

Four important points in this address are worth noting: one relates to whom Hahnemann recognizes as his disciples; second, the vital importance of practicing genuine homeopathy; third, the important responsibility Hahnemann associates with the practice of such a "divine art;" and, fourth, physicians should not try to practice homeopathy before they have studied it sufficiently to obtain assurance of success.

I came to France for the propagation of homeopathy, and I feel happy to be among you.

In the name of all homeopaths, I am thankful to the French government for the freedom it is granting to our meetings and labors. I hope that a greater number of facts will soon prove to it the excellence of our art, and it would then grant us the means to practice it appropriately for the greater benefit of humanity.

In a work soon to be published, I will address the public about how



Dr. André Saine

malevolence and a few errors have prevented homeopathy from being perfectly understood. I will mention what a homeopath must be and which virtues he must exercise when practicing such a beneficial art.

I acknowledge as disciples only those who practice pure homeopathy, and whose prescriptions are absolutely free from any combination with means employed by the old school of medicine. Based on my long-continued experience, I advise the public to only trust zealous sectarians of my doctrine who have entirely abandoned that homicidal practice of medicine.

My long and successful practice, attested to by my case-books, which I offer as evidence, proves that pure homeopathy practiced by those who have studied it in-depth and who understand it exactly, suffices alone for all the wants of suffering humanity.

I thank the Gallican Society for its labors. It is a great pleasure to see among you industrious and zealous men who will continue what they have so happily begun.

I am deeply touched by the sympathy I have received from all its members. I join in with the zeal that animates them, and I will support their efforts in propagating our divine art; as despite age, which has not slowed

down its course, nor chilled my heart, nor enfeebled my mind, I will always remain devoted to homeopathy.

As for the Paris Society, if it has until now, with few exceptions that I am pleased to acknowledge, failed to provide a more in-depth instruction of our art, it is without a doubt on account of the novelty of its appearance in Paris. In exhorting the members of that society to an indispensable doubling effort of study, I will point out to them, and to you as well, that in an art whose aim is the saving of life, negligence in learning is a crime.

I am convinced that this reproach will not again be addressed to you; because, animated as you are by the love of humanity, you will not neglect anything in order to attain the end we are aiming for, and which you will certainly reach if, as I deeply wish, you remain united in heart and principles.

And you, studious French youth, who are not yet affected by the old errors, and who are endlessly seeking only the truth as you burn the midnight oil, come to me! For I am imparting to you this much sought-after truth, the divine revelation of a principle of eternal nature. It is to the results already obtained that I am appealing in order to convince you; but do not try to obtain such results yourselves until you have been assured of success by conscientious and thorough study; then, like me, you will bless Providence for the immense gift that it has brought the world through my humble person, for I have been nothing but a feeble instrument of its power, before which all must bow.

Hahnemann and The Chronic Diseases

by Dr. Fernando D. François-Flores, Mexico

"During the years 1816 and 1817, I have been busy day and night with the very serious problem of finding out why all the medications known by Homeopathy do not provide a real cure in the discussed diseases and for sure, and if it is possible, to comprehend more clearly the true stadium of those thousands of affected persons, who remain without cure, although they are facing the unreproachable truth of the homeopathic system of healing. Take a look! In these times He, who gives all the good things, allowed me to find a solution for this sublime enigma for the Good of humanity as a result of continuous thinking over, restless researching, loyal observing, and the most careful experimenting(1)."

These are Hahnemann's words in the first part of his last medical work of outstanding importance: "The Chronical Diseases, their peculiar Nature and their Homeopathic Treatment" (1st Edition, Arnold, Dresden and Leipzig, 1828 in 4 items, 2nd Edition, Schaub, Düsseldorf, 1835 to 1839, 5 items) and in the footnote he adds:

"Including the fact, that of these indescribable efforts I did not say much, neither to the World in general, nor to my students. This was not because ingratitude frequently set me a limit. No, I did not say a single word about this, because it is not right, and it could inclusively be damaging, to speak and write about things that are still immature. Only in the past year, I have communicated the main fact to two of my students who have given Homeopathy the service that was the most full of merit. This I did for their own good and that of their patients, and also in order to hinder the whole of this scientific knowledge to get lost in the possible case that a Superior call to eternity comes to me before I finish my book (a fact that was not far from being probable at my age of 73).(2)"

Hahnemann would not have been the acute observer he was - as we know - if he would not have noticed, as the years went by, with



Dr. Fernando D. François-Flores

increasing clearness, that the cornerstone was missing in the structure of his system. It is true that the homeopathic method offered remedies that were "much surer, much more convenient, and less damaging" than those of Allopathy for the majority of the sick people, nevertheless, Dr. Hahnemann was not satisfied. Like he, himself, stated: "But the number of tedious diseases present in the wide world was, without comparison, much greater than that", and, in spite of all the homeopathic experiments, they still remain without healing.

The treatment of these diseases was, "even if strictly applied, according to the theory of homeopathic science, (like it is currently) it comes out: hopeful at the beginning, less favorable at its continuation and hopeless at the end" (3).

The departing point for this theory was the observation, that certain chronic diseases of a venereal origin, and some others, could be alleviated with homeopathic remedies, but not completely healed. Special conditions, such as mistakes in the diet, a cold environment, a humid or turbulent weather, the influence of the individual temperament, etc. caused that the cured problems appeared once more, frequently with new and consistent symptoms. New remedies, chosen the best and most careful way, were again profitable "But only in a slight and not perfect way", for a little time, until the new burst came up, due to exter-

nal influences. On the other hand, under favorable conditions, such as a change of home and weather, a careful diet, etc. one could observe a "remarkable stand still". Taking all these facts, the chronic disorder was, nevertheless, never completely eradicated, but grew worse year after year, frequently with the most varied external symptoms (2).

At the beginning it was thought that the reason for the failure of the treatment was the reduced number of homeopathic medication experimented, that it was not sufficient, and that the prospects would change for good as soon as the medication would have been more accurately tested and made available for the Physicians. But even though this was a consolation for the students, the Master could not be satisfied with it. Day and night he was busy with the question: Why they could not achieve a lasting cure with the ordinary remedies, so carefully selected? As for his first encounter with the Chronic Diseases, he tells:

"One always had to face a segregated part of an original disease which was deeper, of which a great part shows through new symptoms that come up now and then. Nevertheless, the disease we are searching for must also be of a chronic miasmatic nature, like it was perfectly obvious to me because of the fact that, once it had developed to a certain degree of intensity, it could not be eradicated, neither by the power of a robust physical constitution, nor could it be vanquished by a proper diet and the most healthy way of living, nor could it be annihilated by itself. On the contrary, as time passed by, it grew worse, and new symptoms were added, symptoms that were more serious, over and over again, until the end of the patient's life. (1)"

Samuel Hahnemann was, more than anything else, a cultivated and prepared Physician with a deep sense of observation. In one of his first writings, with the title "Instructions to the Surgeons about Venereal Diseases" published in 1789, he

already identifies several of the concepts that he would later expose in the study of the Chronic Diseases. It is important to underline that, when he wrote this treatise, he had not yet discovered Homeopathy, nevertheless, his upbringing as an Hippocratic M. D. is obvious. In this wide publication that includes 693 paragraphs, with 223 footnotes, Hahnemann identifies the predisposition as a determining fact for suffering the disease (§41 y 42).

He recognizes the coincidence of the temperament with the severity of the symptoms of this disease (§43 & 98), to the *Natura Morborum Medicatrix* (§55 & 71), the syctic constitution as the most inclined to acquire gonorrhea (§111), he observes that the elimination of discharges and the suppurations improve the internal organs (§123).

He recognizes the great importance of the diathesis to suffer the illness (§198 & 652), he was already familiar with medications with which later he would do pure experiments, such as Spon, Con, Dig, Ant – t, and inclusively imponderables like electricity, etc (§252).

He already identifies the syctic injuries (§ 320), he discards the local treatments for the chancres and the condylomata (§ 353), he identifies the not chemical action of the medication in achieving the healing of the patient (§387 & 388), he condemns the enormous damage produced by the use of topical medications in too high dosages (§390), and disdains the local treatments (§401).

He recognizes the importance of the mechanism of suppression, and Hering's Law (§392), he always suggests that the suppurative process develops during the surgical treatment (§405).

He points out the importance of the observation and treatment of the chronic diseases (§423), he observes the healing effect of iron in the chlorotic anemia (§584), he recognizes the importance of the diet (§585), and the effect of Hepar as an antidote for the bad effects of mercury (§608), among others (4).

Some of these concepts were discussed again in 1816, in an essay called: "Teaching about the Venereal Disease and its generally Inaccurate Treatment" (5,6), where

Hahnemann mentions the concept of the suppression of the external manifestations of the disease, in this case syphilis, and the destructive consequences of this proceeding.

He also mentions the suppression of some skin disorders (the itch of those who work with wool) which results in the appearing of symptoms that are deeper and more severe than the original disease. In both cases, the use of the internal remedies, homeopathically indicated, is the solution and the cure for the disease, and the disappearance of the skin manifestations is only a sign of alleviation when the right treatment has been used (7).

In this writing, the Master already made a sketch of the knowledge of the miasmatic concept, although the first time he directly mentioned something about the existence of the miasms to someone, was on January the 10th, 1823, in a letter to the General Consul of Prussia, Dr. Friedrich Gotthelf Baumgärtner, in which he writes (1,5):

"There will always remain some ailments uncured by homoeopathy, the remains of some deep-seated chronic disease. All that has been published by me, on the homoeopathic healing art is not sufficient for the complete cure of a great family of chronic diseases. Incredibly more is effected by it these old diseases than by the medicines prescribed by the allopaths. Yet in the homoeopathic writings as yet published, there is still lacking the great keystone which binds together all that has been thus far published, so that we may not only be able to improve the treatment of chronic diseases, but also be able to effect a complete cure. I have striven night and day for the last four years to discover the missing keystone, and thus find the means of stamping out the old chronic diseases. By thousands of experiments and experiences, as well as by uninterrupted meditation I have at last attained my object. None of my pupils as yet know anything of this invaluable discovery, the worth of which to mankind exceeds all else that I ever discovered, and without which all existing homoeopathy remains defective of imperfect. It is still wholly my property, and enables me to cure the worst chronic diseases, which not only the doctors of the old humdrum school have to leave uncured, that would be natural, but also the best Among my

homoeopathic pupils (since, as I said before, although the homoeopathic art as it has been published by me so far, can accomplish a great deal, yet it is not sufficiently perfected to be able to cure chronic diseases, this has only become possible through this new discovery, and the result of unspeakable efforts)."

The careful observation and his exact medical knowledge, led Hahnemann to identify the origins of these disorders in the suppression of illnesses such as itch eruptions, vegetations and gonorrhoeal discharges, or buboes and syphilitic chancres (8,9).

This was the point of departure of the doctrine of the Chronic Diseases or Miasms.

Hahnemann chose the name of Psora (a common expression that was widely known at those times as a general term for a complete series of skin problems of the most diverse kind) for defining the miasma which was originated by the suppression of the itch eruption, Sycosis for the miasma related to warts and gonorrhoeal discharges, and Syphilis for the miasma provoked by the suppression of the lues (7,8,9).

Two physicians who were contemporaries of Meissen's Sage, had already also identified the relation between the suppressions of the skin diseases and the abundance of chronic disorders that came up afterwards, formulating their theories 10 years before the appearance of "The Chronic Diseases": Autenrieth from Thübingen and his famous student Schölein from Würzburg. Both of them had points of coincidence with Hahnemann, nevertheless, their concept about the cure was very different, since they supposed that by completely eliminating the eruption, the patient would be cured (1).

The only confidants of the great secret of the Master were Wilhelm Gustav Gross and Johann Ernst Stapf, who worked with him for many years, studying the miasms (10).

The initial intention of Hahnemann was to have a hospital of his own in order to teach his disciples the miasmatic doctrine (1). Unfortunately, the finances of his protector, the Duke Ferdinand of Anhalt-Köthen, never allowed him to initiate such an enterprise. Its was with this in-

tention that the Master wrote to the General Consul of Prussia, like he, himself tells:

"But this knowledge now finally attained, is of such a kind that I could impart it to young physicians in a practical way, at the bedside of patients, in some clinical establishment, through their own observation. In order that I might do this before my death, I entreated our Duke to establish a hospital for the purpose. It appeared acceptable to him, but I see clearly that notwithstanding his seeming desire to do so, nothing will ever come of it. We have as yet no public hospital in Köthen. Should nothing be done here in the matter, as I can see it will not, it would be more agreeable to me, to have such an establishment in a large place...

... I make you a confidant of this important confession, you will tell no one in Leipzig, and I pray that you, my dear friend, as I am convinced you will, you whose heart is all aglow for the welfare of humanity, will make the very best use of it."

As History shows us, the project of the hospital – school, to teach the practice of Homeopathy, remained as a dream that never came true (11).

Intuitively sensing the transcendence of his discovery, Hahnemann wrote to Stapf on September the 6th, 1827:

"Dear Doctor,

Your impatient vehemence is no doubt owing to your praiseworthy desire for knowledge, but it may be considered as a slight mistake on your part, by him whom it concerns. I have only written one clean copy of the symptoms of the anti-psorics, and it is in daily use; it is therefore impossible for me to communicate them to you. You cannot possibly be serious in expecting me to prescribe a treatment for the pathological names you mention. But if you will sometime communicate to me the symptoms of disease, then if my limited time and my remaining vital powers will allow me, I shall be happy to advise you. You have to be thankful to start with, that you need not regard chronic diseases as paradoxes or inexplicable phenomena, the nature of which is hidden in impenetrable obscurity. You possess now the solution of the riddle why neither Nux, nor Puls, nor Ignat, etc., will or can do good, whilst the homoeopathic principle remains unaltered. You know the

estimable remedies, and possess them, and can employ them empirically at least, for you know in what doses to give them. Just imagine how arduous it has been for me to sacrifice myself in order to carry to the end these investigations, for your benefit and that of the whole medical world. I cannot do more until my book appears, and it still demands an amount of work, which is almost too much for my vital powers. Therefore, be reasonable, and do what you can with your antipsorics. Even after I had them I did not at first know what they would do. You may while using them, make excellent observations on their peculiar effects and gain much knowledge, as also from the many splendid cures you may perform with them. You have only six or eight medicines to choose from, and not the whole *Materia Medica*. You and Gross are the only ones to whom revealed this matter. Just think what a start you will have in advance of all the other physicians in the world! At least a year will elapse before the others get my book; they will then require more than six months to recover from the shock and astonishment at the monstrous and unheard of thing, perhaps another six months before they believe in it, at all events before they provide themselves with the medicines, and they will not be able to obtain the right medicines unless they prepare them themselves. Then it is doubtful whether they will accept the smallness of the doses, and wait the long interval they ought to allow for each dose to act. Hence three years from now will elapse before they can do anything useful with it. Therefore have patients with me, if I cannot yet give my book into your hands, and try and do as much good as you can with what you know and have. (1)"

Shocking and unheard of before, was exactly what happened when the book was published. In the Allopathic sphere, as well as by the Homeopaths themselves, rejection and criticism were the most frequent expressions. Even Baron Ernst von Brunnow, a great friend of the Master, who had translated the "*Organon*" to French, and to whom Hahnemann dedicated the first volume of "*The Chronic Diseases*" (3):

"Hahnemann's complete isolation from the Physicians whose opinions differed from his own, and the al-

most unconditional loyalty that most of his followers had showed him up to now, as well as their veneration toward him are probably the main factors that were responsible for the way this genius of a man took his theories to the extremes. This was more obvious in his work in '*The Chronic Diseases*', where he stated that the Psora was the sole origin of all the Chronic Diseases with the only exception of the Syphilis and the Sycosis. For these three, he proceeded to diminish the dosages of medication to a degree, that was unknown until then."

Not to speak about Homeopathy's and about the Master's great enemies. Only a few remained loyal, practicing the miasmatic doctrine (1,11,12). The opinions of this group were very different:

According to Stapf, the book about "*The Chronic Diseases*" gives surprising explanations about the nature and the treatment of chronic ailments. Homeopathy is only a few steps away from accomplishing successful results in the latter.

Stapf would inclusively have wished to register from there on, a date for a new era in Homeopathy's history. The first condition for obtaining these results was, of course, to adhere strictly to Hahnemann's prescriptions; any deviation would, "for sure" punish the ones who did not do this, for Hahnemann teaches us here a "Law of Nature that is exactly recognized and manifested". It is absolutely necessary to mention that, von Bönninghausen took this teaching of the Master with enthusiasm. Hahnemann had talked very openly with him, during the time that followed, after the publishing of the book, mainly about the points that had affected him the most, and von Bönninghausen, a few years later, published a special repertory exclusively about anti-psoric remedies (1).

Among the most loyal adepts to the Psora theory, is Constantin Hering. Shortly after the publishing of the first Edition of "*The Chronic Diseases*" he wrote from Paramaribo, in the Dutch Guyana, following letter to Hahnemann, in May, 1829 on the occasion of the 50th Jubilee of the Master as a Doctor (13):

"Leprosy is now conquered; I actually see the most remarkable proofs of it.

The antipsoric remedies, in the smallest doses, conquer this monster which so far has been unconquerable. It is only four months since I have been able to employ these remedies for it, and already I have obtained brilliant results, in all patients. There is not a single leper patient who has not improved, many are already quite near being completely cured."

In 1828, Hahnemann's "The Chronic Diseases" appeared in print. After its publishing, the Author was busy compiling a repertory of the anti-psoric remedies included in this work, which has four volumes. He searched for collaborators among his friends and pupils, and wrote the following letter to Dr. Schweikert:

"Dear Colleague,

Dr. Rummel has given me hope that you might be so kind as to help with the compiling of an alphabetical repertory of the anti-psoric remedies. The honorarium we will then share in a friendly way between ourselves. The book must be printed in the smallest type possible, so that it may not become too voluminous. For the same reason, we must be careful only to choose words which express conceptions of value, to use as headings for our reversed symptoms; so that whichever way the sentence may be turned by our German syntax, it will still convey the same meaning it originally had and yet every word be omitted which is not necessary.

All symptoms must be written in such a way (on quartfolio and only written on one side) that I can separate every one of them by cutting them up and pasting them in alphabetical order for the purpose of printing. They must also be written so that only the first line projects while the other recede by one syllable. I take the liberty to hand Phosphorus over to you (Calcarea, Sulphur, Silicea, Sepia and Lycopodium have already been dealt with) and to show you elaboration of some symptoms in the enclosed. I hope that this may meet with your approval.

I remain, with kindest intentions,

Your faithfully,

Samuel Hahnemann."

The projected repertory was never published. Dr. Ernst Ferdinand Rückert, who from September, 1829 until Easter Sunday, 1830 was a guest at Hahnemann's home, used the preliminary work of Jahr, Rummel, Schweikert, etc. and complet-

ed the mentioned book of nearly 1,500 pages in an excellent and easy to look up way.

Unfortunately this book was never published. At present it is at the Institute for the History of Medicine of the Robert Bosch Foundation, in Stuttgart, because, due to the printing cost, Hahnemann's Editor never accepted to publish it (1).

In 1829 the fourth Edition of the "Organon" appeared, with 292 paragraphs and radical differences in its containings in relation with the 3 former Editions. It is unnecessary to say that the inclusion of the miasmatic was highly transcendental, as well as the use of the infinitesimal, imponderable potencies. The use of the potencies such as the one that the Master named decillionth (X) (14), at present called 30 ch, was as controversial as the doctrine of the chronic miasms itself (11,12).

In 1833 appeared the fifth Edition, the last that the Meissen's Sage would see published. In the 294 paragraphs it contains there were deep modifications, in reference to the miasmatic subject, as well as in the matter of the preparation and dosage of the homeopathic remedies.

He also developed the concepts about the animal magnetism more widely, concepts that had been raised by Franz Anton Mesmer, and that had been initially mentioned in the §319 of the third edition of the "Organon", and that in this edition can be found in §293 and §294 (11,12).

In that year, Arnold, the Editor, came up with the intention of publishing a second Edition of "The Chronic Diseases", in spite of the fact that the first one was a real failure, according to Arnold, himself, who wrote:

"Briefly, I will always be prepared to retribute the publication to you, provided I will get enough compensation for the 800 copies of the first Edition, which was sold as worthless paper ... I will be happy to give up the possible earnings on the second Edition, if I would only get the costs of printing it and the payment for the first part."

Hahnemann accepted at the first instance, the new publishing of his book and sent the Editor the man-

uscripts (1). Nevertheless, nearly 10 months went by and Arnold did not get in touch with Hahnemann, so he, deeply afflicted and disappointed, wrote the following letter to his son in law, Dr. Wolf of Leipzig, in December, 1834:

"To my son-in-law, Dr. J.H. Wolff.

Dear Son,

I give you herewith full power to demand in my name my manuscript of the first part of Chronic Diseases, from Mr. Arnold, the publisher, unless he can prove to you by giving some proof-sheets, that this first part is already printed or almost so.

Your true father,

Samuel Hahnemann."

The polemics about the second Edition of the book came to the knowledge of Hahnemann's disciples. One of them expressed the following opinion:

"The behavior of the publisher Arnold is very annoying, and all the more to be regretted, as apart from the disadvantage to the public, an insult to you is added. All publishers have this in common, that they are out to enrich themselves at the expense of the learned, and probably there are very few who go honestly to work. If therefore your written contract with Arnold allows it, if I were you, I would leave him, and not make a heavy sacrifice from pity for an ungrateful person, and besides the world would no thank you for it. All your true pupils and followers cannot desire anything more ardently than to know the completion which the art of healing owes to you; and how many human lives may be lost, if this is delayed longer than is necessary. Therefore in this case, venerable Hofrath, do not let your kind heart have the upper hand and show mercy instead of demanding your right.

C. von Bönninghausen"

At the end, Arnold only published the two first volumes of the work, under the menace of being sued. The rest of the book was published by J. F. Schaub, of Düsseldorf, initiating the Edition of 1,500 items of the four remaining volumes in 1837, when the Master already lived in Paris. About this, the Editor wrote following:

"...The edition comprises 1500 copies, as I assumed that the works of the Master would sell better than those of his pupils; unfortunately I have been greatly deceived in this surmise. What

is the reason of this diminishing interest of the homoeopaths in this new edition? Perhaps you will not be angry with me, Sir, if I tell you straight out what I have heard. They say that the chief reason is the progress of the homoeopathic system itself, and that many of your earlier pupils have advanced, while you have clung to the old system, and so on. I, as a lay person cannot judge of that, as the publisher, I can only say this article does not sell..."

Finally, Schaub had the same bad luck as Arnold, with an enormous loss in the Edition of the book. These were the only two Editions in Germany but abroad it had a better luck.

In France the first Edition was translated by Jourdan in 1832 and published in Paris. Later, two more Editions were made. In the United Kingdom, Geddes M. Scott of Glasgow published a translation to English in 1942.

An Edition in Spanish was published in 1849. In the United States, two Editions were published, one of them in 1846 by Hempel, and the other one in 1894 by L. H. Tafel. As the years went by, the Text was translated and spread out in other languages.

The fact that Hahnemann moved to Paris in 1835 was enormously transcendental for what concerns his scientific work (1,10,11,12). As it was obvious, after the commercial downfall of the "Chronic Diseases", no Editor in Germany was interested in publishing any works written by Samuel Hahnemann.

The sixth Edition of the "Organon", that had been ready since 1842 could not be edited, because Meissen's Sage needed to have a French Edition to publish, together with the one in its original language.

As a matter of fact, he confided the work to a translator who was not able to do it. Death caught Hahnemann before he could detail his precious legacy for mankind.

The Master left behind barely a sketch of the Miasmatic Doctrine and we should not lose sight of the great confusion and the problematic that surrounded the second Edition of "The Chronic Diseases". The fact that the sixth Edition of the "Organon" did not appear before 1921, was because the last

observations of Hahnemann were not known until much later (3,8,9). The apparent contradiction between several aspects of the miasmatic subject is explainable, since Hahnemann wrote the first two volumes of the second Edition of "The Chronic Diseases" in 1834, and the sixth Edition of the "Organon" in 1842, when he had a more complete and experimented vision about the Doctrine of the Chronic Miasms (3,9).

In a recent research, that involved the review of 54 volumes of Hahnemann's clinical histories, it could be observed that the Master applied the concepts included in the "Organon" and "The Chronic Diseases" in his practice until the end of his life.

Situations that were so controversial, such as the application of the homeopathic remedies by rubbing them on the skin or aspire them through the nose, are consigned in the treatment of these cases, and were successful most of the time (15).

In these files, partly still unexplored today, no evidence can be seen about the fact that Hahnemann did change his conception regarding the chronic diseases, neither in the theory nor in the practice (15).

One way or the other, the last legacy of the Master has been one of the most controversial and least understood points inside the homeopathic doctrine.

Nevertheless, our Medicine is based on eight fundamental principles, being the miasmatic the last of them. Our wonderful legacy, the Homeopathic Medicine, is so extensive that in a whole lifetime one can only barely study one of its aspects.

Ultimately, only time has a say.

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Liga meets a Country : Moldova, By Dr. Tatiana Bolbocean



Dr. Tatiana Bolbocean

After our "flight" to South Africa in the March issue of the Liga news, this time we travel to another interesting country, member of the LMHI: MOLDOVA. Dr. Tatiana Bolbocean, NVP for Moldova introduce us her country...

As a medical doctor for 30 years and homeopath for the last 20 of them I am honored for being invited to present the homeopathic activity in my country. Because in spite of the fact that Republic of Moldova is a small country we introduced homeopathy to the public and made it to be now appreciated by patients and health practitioners as well.

Moldova belongs to the former Soviet Union. Its independence was proclaimed on August 27, 1991; nowadays the Republic of Moldova is a member of UN, Council of Europe, the

World Trade Organization, CIS, OSCE, GUAM, BSEC.

While looking on the map, it can immediately be noticed that the outlines of Moldova is shaped like a bunch of grapes. Like the grapes, the Republic of Moldova and its people have a number of similar characteristics: softness - soft temperate continental climate, richness - the Southern temperament juicy and a variety of natural colors. The main part of the country covers an area between the rivers Dniester and Prut. Although Moldova does not have a coastline, it is situated in Black Sea basin. The Republic of Moldova is visited not by those, who like to spend their time at resorts, instead of this, tourists come here to enjoy beautiful scenery, amazing landscape and, of course, interesting places to visit.

There are a lot of touristic objectives in Moldova, from them can be mentioned the monastic ensembles, which had preserved the traditions and cultural values during many centuries (Orheiul Vechi, Curci, Capriana, Japca), medieval fortresses (Soroka, Bender), nature reserves (Codri, Plaiul Fagului) and metropolitan cultural values. Another unmistakable pride of Moldova is viticulture and winemaking. Moldovan wines are known worldwide, so most visitors of the country hurry to taste this particular drink. Especially popular are Cricova Cellars - an underground city, with streets, avenues and boulevards, where is stored wine for every taste, including a million collection of vintage wines. Homeopathy is taught in the Medical University to students, and we also have a training program for doctor's degree in homeopathy.

In Republic of Moldova homeopathy was first practiced after World War II, but without being recognized by the official medicine, it wasn't wide-spread. After 1990 it was "discovered" and started being studied and practiced in our country. In 1991-1992, the Romanian Social Medicine Center "Christiana" organized in Chisinau seminars of introduction in homeopathy. Experienced homeopaths, as P. Chiril M.D., N. Bratcoveanu M.D., C. Sturza M.D., S. Dinc M.D. and others, taught homeopathy to 50 Moldavian medical doctors of different specialisations and to 5 pharmacists.

On 23rd of April 1992 was founded Moldavian Branch of the Romanian Society of Homeopathy, whose president was L. Izverschi M.D. With the help of Laboratory of homeopathy of the University of Pharmacy Cluj-Napoca, Romania, and the assistance of Dr. V. Procopisin, correspondent member of the Academy of Sciences of Moldova, Dean at Faculty of Pharmacy of the University of Medical and Pharmaceutical Sciences „Nicolae Testemitanu”, Chisinau, Dr. Gh. Musteata and others, was created

the first Moldavian homeopathic laboratory. Under the management of S. Jantuan, this laboratory now produces over 300 homeopathic remedies in different potencies.

The Moldavian Homeopathic Association was founded in 1994 and two years later was organized a course of introduction in homeopathy, with a curriculum approved by the Ministry of Health, attended by 15 medical doctors. Since then were also organized many conferences and seminars with national and international participation - D. Grandgeorge, J. Lacombe, J. Ray, W. Gluck, being just some of those who along the years presented many interesting homeopathic topics.

In 1998, thanks to the efforts of Prof. V Lacusta, head of Traditional Medicine Department and due to enthusiasm of a few homeopaths: L. Izverschi, T. Bolbocean, M. Suharschi, T. Progota and L. Cerempei, at the University of Medical and Pharmaceutical Sciences „Nicolae Testemitanu”, Chisinau, was introduced the 3 years postgraduated course in traditional medicine, that specializes medical doctors in homeopathy, acupuncture and phytotherapy. For homeopathy, the curriculum totalizes 295 hours of theory and 295 hours of prac-

tice. And since the same year annually is published “The Bulletin of Traditional Medicine Association of the Republic of Moldova”, with a lot of articles of homeopathy.

Since 1999 the Certification Committee of the Ministry of Health gives certifications to the homeopathic doctors. In 2000 the Moldavian Homeopathic Association joined the Association of Traditional Medicine of Republic of Moldova, thus the last one having 3 departments: acupuncture, homeopathy and phytotherapy and 50 homeopathic doctors among members.

In December 2000, on the list of specialties for medical doctors approved by the Government of the Republic of Moldova, in “ Traditional Medicine” section was introduced the specialization “homeopathy” – code 17.01.08.C (Official Monitor no. 19-20/ 23.02.2001) and starting with 2003, medical students in the 5th year can attend an optional course in homeopathy.

Based on the decision of the Certification Committee of the Moldavian Ministry of Health, next year begun the training program for doctor’s degree in homeopathy (code 14.00.46 – Traditional Medicine).

In 2008, at the 63rd congress of the

LMHI, the Association of Homeopathy of Republic of Moldova was invited to become a member and I was elected to be its vice-President for Republic of Moldova. After that I continued to be involved in promoting homeopathy among patients and doctors.

Tatiana Bolbocean M.D.
LMHI Vice President for Republic of Moldova

I graduated the University of Medical and Pharmaceutical Sciences „Nicolae Testemitanu”, Chisinau in 1984 and I finished the initiation courses in homeopathy in Romania in 1993. Since then I work as a homeopath. I studied at the International Academy of Classical Homeopathy with Prof. George Vithoulkas between 1996-2000. I participated to many seminars in Romania, Holland, Russia, Ukraine and I try to keep myself informed and to bring the best knowledge in homeopathy to health practitioners in my country – together with Prof. Victor Lacusta, Irina Sincarenco, Angela Gilea, Victoria Ghidirim teaching homeopathy at the Medical University, monthly organizing meetings with my colleagues homeopaths, presenting homeopathic news, discussing difficult cases.



Quality and quantity of Q Potencies

by Brita Gudjons

At the 9th of April 1987, almost the date of Hahnemann's birthday, as a first remedy Daphne mezereum (mezereon) was prepared in the Apotheke am Atzelberg in Frankfurt, Germany, exactly according to § 270 of the 6th edition of the Organon (Q-potencies). This was the beginning of the manufacture of homeopathic remedies following the example of the founder of homeopathy, Dr. C. F. Samuel Hahnemann. This was preceded by events which only with hindsight were recognizable as pieces of a puzzle for the development towards a homeopathic laboratory.

As a young pharmacist, soon after her degree in pharmacy, Mrs. Gudjons had been taken ill with unclear symptoms, which could neither be cured by conventional practitioners nor by their medication. During her search for help her attention was attracted by different methods of complementary medicine, so she completed a training as non-medical practitioner. During the basic courses in homeopathy given by Dr. Mathias Dorcsi in Vienna, Austria, she experienced a „miracle healing“ effected by three white tiny pills. Thus the course was set for the next ten years in direction of homeopathy.

It was the homeopathic practitioner Dr. med. Will Klunker, Switzerland, who encouraged her to produce homeopathic remedies of the highest quality for patients. Starting in April 1987 within a year the first 50 remedies were prepared as Q-potencies and were used on a trial basis by several therapists whereupon the quality was evaluated as very high because of their effectiveness.

In the following years a system of criteria regarding the best possible quality of homeopathic remedies were elaborated in collaboration with therapists and specialists of primary literature of the classical homeopathic school as e.g. Dr. med. K.-H. Gypser and Dr. med. Georg von Keller.

1) The homeopathic aspect of quality (HQ): The identity with the raw material of the proofing is a prerequisite.
 2) The pharmaceutical aspect of quality (PQ): It decides upon the provisions of the homeopathic pharmacopoeia



Dr. Brita Gudjons

(HAB and Ph. Europea) and is reflected in the GMP rules.

3) The quality aspects of the manufacturing process (MQ): They are of central importance for the quality of the remedy

4) The attitude of the laboratory staff
 reg 1) The homeopathic aspect of quality (HQ):

The raw material has to match exactly the substance that had been used in the proving of the remedy at healthy individuals. The preparation should be oriented at Hahnemann, the founder of homeopathy, and his methods.

reg 2) The homeopathic aspect of quality (HQ):

a) The identity of the raw material has to be proved.

b) The purity of the raw material has to correspond to the one of the raw material used in the first proving at healthy individuals (= original proving).

c) The hygienic conditions shall conform to the GMP rules, but adapted in an appropriate way, e.g. chemical disinfectants in the laboratory rooms would change the homeopathic information of the remedy.

reg 3) The quality aspects of the manufacturing process (MQ):

A) Plant kingdom

A1) If the raw material originates from the plant kingdom, the plant has to be of best quality and has to be taken from a localization where it grows originally, e.g. arnica from the mountains, north American plants from the US, tropical plants from the tropics,

etc.

A2) The remedy is opened up by trituration [grinding] of the fresh plant.

B) Mineral kingdom

B1) If the raw material originates from the mineral kingdom it has to correspond to the mineral that had been used for the proving and must not be synthesized.

B2) Metals should be prepared from a thin foil like gold leaf or silver leaf by grinding with lactose or from pulverized metal.

B3) Chemical compounds should be synthesized as in the times of the first proving in order to contain the same impurities as the raw material at that time.

C) Technique

C1) All processes are performed manually.

C2) All receptacles are used only once with the exception of the mortars, which are cleaned by flaming until they glow red-hot.

C3) Raw substances shall be opened up by grinding [trituration] with lactose in a ratio of 1:100 or 1:99 alternatively.

C4) Potentiation of liquids is done with fine ethyl alcohol from distilled wine.

C5) During the processing of the raw material not only the proportion should be maintained but also the small amounts used by Hahnemann (1 grain and 1 drop). In case of trituration 1 grain + 100 grain and in case of potentiation of liquids 1 drop + 100 drops.

C6) The granules shall be moistened in a closed bottle.

C7) The moistened granules shall be dried on two layers of filter paper.

C8) The dried granules shall be filled back into the bottle where they have been moistened, where they may suck in the remaining liquid over night.

reg 3) The attitude of the laboratory staff

a) People who work with the remedy shall have an equable character, because every person leaves "fingerprints".

b) Since every creation is intrinsic, a loving attitude towards the work will add another dimension to the quality

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of the remedy.

The high quality of the remedies achieved by the above mentioned criteria, could be maintained in spite of the fact that from 2002 on the GMP rules had to be put into practice step by step. Due to the introduction of the GMP, thousands of pages were filled with SOPs (standard operation procedures), testing specifications, descriptions of the working envi-

ronment etc. and many protocols to document diverse activities. Thus the requirements of state regarding pharmaceutical manufacturers were fulfilled. A further condition as regards the selection of the remedies: only such remedies may be produced the monographs of which are listed in pharmacopoeias. Meanwhile a few monographs allow to include further remedies. The status quo today is

such that 70% of the working power is spent on achieving the permission for the production of a remedy, the remaining 30% are used to the manual manufacturing of remedies, as Hahnemann practiced it.

From a pinch of a raw material such an enormous amount of highly efficient remedy is created by dilution and potentization that you could supply the whole globe with it.

In Memoriam: Katarina Velikonja (1959-2014)



Dr. Katarina Velikonja was a founding member of the Slovenian Homeopathic Society (SHD) which was established on May 6, 1992. But her mission as a homeopathic doctor and promoter of homeopathy in Slovenia began about 12 years ago, when she started to study and to work with homeopathy. She was a motivated and hard-working student and became a highly skilled and dedicated homeopathic doctor. And soon with her enormous amount of energy, enthusiasm, and perfectionism she started to work in our Homeopathic Society. As a Vice-President of the SHD she was a fighter for homeopathy and the rights of homeopathic doctors. Writing articles, working with media and attending numerous meetings at the Ministry of Health and the Parliament all aimed to change the political situation of homeopathy in Slovenia. She was our delegate and active member of the Political subcommittee of the European Committee for Homeopathy.

A lot of work, time and passion for homeopathy which she loved and to which she was devoted.

During her illness she loved to spend time mountaineering and bicycling with her husband which gave her a lot of energy and fulfillment. But she never stopped working with and for homeopathy. Optimistic, brave, confident and active during all her life.

Aude sapere as Hahnemann wrote at the very beginning of the Organon that was her way - brave enough to think and to do what she knew and felt that was right. It was her distinctive mission, a purpose of her life.

Dear Katarina, we are missing your work and energy, we are missing your clear way of thinking and your enthusiasm. Our work for homeopathy continues and a part of it will be dedicated to you.

Irena Gorišek, M.D.
President of the Slovenian Homeopathic Society
National Vice-President for Slovenia in the LMHI

Quiz Corner...

for our younger colleagues...

by Dr. Pietro Gulia, Rome, Italy pietrogulia@alice.it

1. In aphorism 71 of the Organon 6th edition, Hahnemann states three problems to be solved in order to cure. What are they?
2. Admirably Hahnemann condenses the homeopathic clinic and therapeutic methodology and describes the conditions to achieve an effective prescription in an aphorism of the Organon 6th edition. Which aphorism is it?
3. In aphorism 83 Hahnemann writes: "This individualizing examination of a case of disease ... demands of the physician nothing but xxx xx xxx and sound senses, attention in observing and fidelity in tracing the picture of the disease". Which requisite is missing?
4. An acute clinical case - Woman, 38 yrs old. Feverish for 24 hrs (39°). Since the day before she is complaining of violent hammering pain in the head, as if it is about to burst: initially only in left frontal sinus, then extended to whole head and upper jaw. Furthermore, she has a throbbing toothache in upper left molars, which are sound. She suddenly sweats profusely, wet from head to foot, without relief, on the contrary she gets worse. She feels exhausted and has to lie down on a bed. The skin is painful, even the slight rubbing of the pyjamas hurts her thighs and legs. Her face is very pale, with dark circle around her eyes. What is the remedy? Find it with the help of Kent's Repertory and write the rubrics you have considered.
5. If you prescribe the repetition of doses of a remedy at the same potency, how do you have to repeat it according to aphorism 247 of the Organon 6th ed.?
6. Can you discover the remedy when the symptom is ... redness and swelling with stinging and burning pain in the eyes, eyelids, ears, face, lips, tongue, throat, anus, testicles. (C. Hering) ... of great help to you will be E. B. Nash: > by cold applications ought to be added.
7. "Feels very sad and despondent; < after sleeping, or in the morning" – (E.B. Nash).The remedy is ...
8. Throat and neck sensitive to slightest touch, or external pressure; everything about throat distresses, even the weight of the bed covers – quoted by C. Hering: this is ...
9. Hahnemann states: "444 The knees are like to give under him from weariness; when walking he staggers and would fall to one side . – 331 Sometimes one hand, sometimes the other, is as if insensible and asleep – 332 Sometimes one hand, sometimes the other, is alternately hot and cold. –432 Falling asleep of the feet and hands alternately, in short paroxysm. – The soles of the feet go to sleep while sitting. 454 The slightest interruption to sleep causes loss of strength ...". The remedy is ...
10. Acute clinical case. Male, 50 yrs old. Summer. Violent right renal colic. Paroxysms of burning and tearing pain, from kidney down to the bladder. The patient is very restless; he twists with pain, grimaces and appears to smile. What is the remedy?

Answers of the Quiz corner of the March Issue of the Liga News, by Dr. Renzo Galassi

1. Dulcamara
2. Cina
3. Natrum Muriaticum
4. Opium
5. Pulsatilla
6. Spigelia
7. Par. 273
8. Par 248 "On the other hand, should there appear during almost daily repetition of the well indicated homoeopathic remedy, towards the end of the treatment of a chronic disease, so-called (#161) homoeopathic aggravations by which the balance of the morbid symptoms seem to again increase somewhat (the medicinal disease, similar to the original, now alone persistently manifests itself). The doses in that case must then be reduced still further and repeated in longer intervals and possibly stopped several days, in order to see if the convalescence need no further medicinal aid. The apparent symptoms (Schein-Symptome) caused by the excess of the homoeopathic medicine will soon disappear and leave undisturbed health in its wake."
9. Phosphoric acid
10. Hepar Sulphuris Calcareum